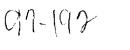


Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

JAN 2 9 1998



EX PARTE : BULL TO MILED

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

JAN 2 9 1998

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

The Honorable Richard J. Durbin United States Senate 364 Russell Senate Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Durbin:

Thank you for your letter dated December 8, 1997, on behalf of your constituent, Alan R. Williams, Township Supervisor of Manteno Township, Illinois, concerning the placement and construction of facilities for the provision of personal wireless services and radio and television broadcast services in his community. Your constituent's letter refers to issues being considered in three proceedings that are pending before the Commission. In MM Docket No. 97-182, the Commission has sought comments on a Petition for Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making filed by the National Association for Broadcasters and the Association for Maximum Service Television. In this proceeding, the petitioners ask the Commission to adopt a rule limiting the exercise of State and local zoning authority with respect to broadcast transmission facilities in order to facilitate the rapid build-out of digital television facilities, as required by the Commission's rules to fulfill Congress' mandate. In WT Docket No. 97-192, the Commission has sought comment on proposed procedures for reviewing requests for relief from State and local regulations that are alleged to impermissibly regulate the siting of personal wireless service facilities based on the environmental effects of radio frequency emissions, and related matters. Finally, in DA 96-2140 and FCC 97-264, the Commission twice sought comments on a Petition for Declaratory Ruling filed by the Cellular Telecommunications Industry Association seeking relief from certain State and local moratoria that have been imposed on the siting of commercial mobile radio service facilities.

Because all of these proceedings are still pending, we cannot comment on the merits of the issues at this time. However, I can assure you that the Commission is committed to providing a full opportunity for all interested parties to participate. The Commission has formally sought public comment in all three proceedings and, as a result, has received numerous comments from State and local governments, service providers, and the public at large. Your letter and your constituent's letter, as well as this response, will be placed in the record of all three proceedings and will be given full consideration.

Further information regarding the Commission's policies toward personal wireless service facilities siting, including many of the comments in the two proceedings involving personal wireless service facilities, is available on the Commission's internet site at http://www.fcc.gov/wtb/siting.

Thank you for your inquiry.

Sincerely,

David L. Furth

Chief, Commercial Wireless Division Wireless Telecommunications Bureau

	_				
	. 1				
					٠
				-÷·	
_		-			
	··	-	•		
3. (5.)	. <del>.</del>		-	- :	

## United States Senate

Washington: DC 10110-1104

December 8, 1997



Ms Karen Kornbluh
Acting Director
Office of Legislative Affairs
Federal Communications Commission
Room 808
1919 M Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20554

Dear Ms Kornbluh: --- --- ----

Enclosed are several letters from my constituents regarding the Federal Communications Commission's (FCC) proposed rulemakings on broadcast and cellular towers.

I would appreciate it if you would keep these individuals' concerns about zoning and land use laws in mind as you review these proposals.

Thank you for your time and attention to this matter.

· · - - - - Sincerely,

Richard J. Durbin United States Senator

RJD/ks

Enc



## VILLAGE OF RANTOUL AVIATION AND DEVELOPMENT ONE AVIATION CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 101 RANTOUL, ILLINOIS 61866

Phone: (217) 893-9955

Fax: (217) 893-3970

435470

October 21, 1997

Office of the Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
1919 Main Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20544

IN RE:

Comments On Notice of Proposed Rule

Making — MM Docket No. 97-182

Dear Mr. Secretary:

It would be a mistake for the FCC to assume preemptive powers over the states and units of local government with regard to the regulation of communication tower location and height. Not only would you likely face defeat before the federal appellate court if this action were taken, but the FCC could cause serious aviation safety problems. The FAA will not place limits on tower height or placement. So, it is up to local and state airport authorities to regulate these structures. The public demands that there be no impediments to aviation safety. These demands are louder and of greater urgency than the arguments of the digital television and other broadcasters that they be allowed to place their towers wherever it may be convenient.

Ray M. Boudreaux,

cc:

Thomas Ewing
Carol Mosely Braun
Richard Durbin
Timothy V. Johnson

## Mantono Township

15

436212

85 N. Main Street Manteno, IL 60950

Phone (815) 468-3112 Fax (815) 468-6166

November 1, 1997

Senator Dick Dubin Washington, DC 20519---

VMIL

Dear Senator Dick Durbin,

We are writing you about the Federal Communications Commission and its attempts to preempt local zoning of cellular, radio and TV towers by making the FCC the "Federal Zoning Commission" for all cellular telephone and broadcast towers. Both Congress and the courts have long recognized that zoning is a peculiarly local function. Please immediately contact the FCC and tell it to stop these efforts which violate the intent of Congress, the Constitution and principles of Federalism.

In the 1996 Telecommunications Act, Congress expressly reallimed local zoning authority over cellular towers. It told the FCC to stop all rulemakings where the FCC was attempting to preempt local zoning authority in three different rulemakings.

Cellular Towers - Radiation: Congress expressly preserved local zoning authority over cellular towers in the 1996 Telecommunications Act with the sole exception that municipalities cannot regulate the radiation from cellular antennas if it is within limits set by the FCC. The FCC is attempting to have the "exception swallow the rule" by using the limited authority Congress gave it over cellular tower radiation to review and reverse any cellular zoning decision in the U.S. which it finds is "tainted" by radiation concerns, even if the decision is otherwise perfectly permissible. In fact, the FCC is saying that it can "second guess" what the true reasons for a municipality's decision are, need not be bound by the stated reasons given by a municipality and doesn't even need to wait until a local planning decision is final before the FCC acts.

Some of our citizens are concerned about the radiation from ceilular towers. We cannot prevent them from mentioning their concerns in a public hearing. In its rulemaking the FCC is saying that if any citizen raises this issue that this is sufficient basis for a cellular zoning decision to immediately be taken over by the FCC and potentially-reversed, even if the municipality expressly says it is not considering such statements and the decision is completely valid on other grounds, such as the impact of the tower on property values or aesthetics.

Cellular Towers - Moratoria: Relatedly the FCC is proposing a rule banning the moratoria that some municipalities impose on cellular towers while they revise their zoning ordinances to accommodate the increase in the numbers of these towers. Again, this violates the Constitution and the directive from Congress preventing the FCC from becoming a Federal Zoning Commission.

Radio/TV Towers: The FCC's proposed rule on radio and TV towers is as bad: It sets an artificial limit of 21 to 45 days for municipalities to act on any local permit (environmental, building permit, zoning or other). Any permit request is automatically deemed granted if the municipality doesn't act in this timeframe, even if the application is incomplete or clearly violates—local law. And the FCC's proposed rule would prevent municipalities from considering the impacts such towers have on property values, the environment or aesthetics. Even safety requirements could be overridden by the FCC! And all appeals of zoning and permit denials would go to the FCC, not to the local courts.

This proposal is astounding when broadcast towers are some of the tallest structures known to man—over 2,000 feet tall, taller then the Empire State Building. The FCC claims these—changes are needed to allow TV stations to switch to High Definition Television quickly. But The Wall Street Journal and trade magazines state there is no way the FCC and broadcasters will meet the current schedule anyway, so there is no need to violate the rights of municipalities and their residents just to meet an artificial deadline.

Please do three things to stop the FCC: First, write new FCC Chairman William Kennard and FCC Commissioners Susan Ness, Harold Furchtgott-Roth, Michael Powell and Gloria Tristani telling them to stop this intrusion on local zoning authority in cases WT 97-197, MM Docket 97-182 and DA 96-2140; second, join in the "Dear Colleague Letter" Currently being prepared to go to the FCC from many members of Congress; and third, oppose any effort by Congress to grant the FCC the power to act as a "Federal Zoning Commission" and preempt local zoning authority.

The following people at national municipal organizations are familiar with the FCC's proposed rules and municipalities' objections to them: Barrie Tabin at the National League of Cities, 202-626-3194; Eileen Huggard at the National Association of Telecommunications Officers and Advisors, 703-506-3275; Robert Fogel at the National Association of Counties, 202-393-6226; Kevin McCarty at the U.S. Conference of Mayors, 202-293-7330; and Cheryl Maynard at the American Planning Association, 202-872-0611. Feel free to call them if you have questions.

A A 221

Alan R. Williams

Manteno Township Supervisor